



Meeting Minutes Nevada Search and Rescue Board

Attendance	DATE	June 21, 2022	
	TIME	2:00 p.m.	
	METHOD	Zoom/Teleconference: 1-669-219-2599 Meeting ID# 686 738 8625	
	RECORDER	Sherrean Whipple	
Appointed Voting Member Attendance			
Member Name	Present	Member Name	Present
Col Carol Lynn	X	Richard Fenlason	X
1 st Lt. Alex Pinto	ABS	Steve Morris Jr.	X
Dan Coverley	ABS	Patty Polish	X
Doug Fisher	X	Billy Samuels	X
Joshua Fisher	X	Ryan Shane	X
Legal/Administrative Support Attendance			
Representative	Entity		Present
Rodney Wright	SAR Coordinator–Nevada Division of Emergency Management		X
Samantha Ladich	Senior DAG – Nevada Office of the Attorney General		X
Sherrean Whipple	Admin - Nevada Division of Emergency Management		X

1. Call to Order and Roll Call

Chair Joshua Fisher, Washoe County Sheriff's Office, called the meeting to order. Roll call was performed by Sherrean Whipple. Quorum was established for the meeting.

2. Public Comment

Chair Joshua Fisher opened the first period of public comment for discussion. There was no public comment.

3. Approval of Minutes

Chair Joshua Fisher called for a motion to amend or approve the draft minutes of the November 18, 2021, SAR Board meeting. Patty Polish, Lyon County Search and Rescue, made the first motion to approve the minutes. Steve Morris, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, seconded the motion. All were in favor with no opposition. Motion passed unanimously.

4. Interoperability Channels

This item was tabled due to the Washoe County SAR Frequencies List not being distributed to the SAR Board for review. This will be on the next agenda.

5. Unaffiliated SAR Groups in Nevada

Chair Joshua Fisher stated that for the past year, there has been a trend with unaffiliated Good Samaritan groups becoming involved with search and rescue type activities. In other words, non-government groups providing a free service through social media platforms, such as Facebook, assisting stranded motorist to get their vehicles unstuck when there are no other emergency exigent situations. Normally, this wouldn't be an issue when these groups can provide this service to the public to an already overwhelmed law enforcement or search and rescue, and it reduces these calls to them for incidents that are non-urgent. Recently, these Good Samaritan groups have created themselves to be 501 C3 volunteer organizations. In some local calls, there have been calls for these groups, they have arrived on scene and before assisting the citizens, they've solicited for funds or donations before they will assist. They have misrepresented themselves as belonging to a local SAR group and have left people stranded and in distress when they refuse to pay or donate. Some of these groups have stickers on their vehicles identifying themselves as search and rescue, and even have put emergency lights on their vehicles. Further assistance is then needed when these groups are over their head and can't provide the service the public has called for. These non-affiliated SAR groups have not gone through any form of background checks or a DMV check. Their training is not accredited and has brought some issues up locally (Washoe County).

Patty Polish states that they (Lyon County) have in fact have had issues with a few of these groups. Groups start out, or at least on the premises of becoming members of the search and rescue, and then things are not proceeded as fast as they think they should, so they quit the training, and try to start their own groups.

Chair Joshua Fisher, conquered with Patty Polish. Chair Fisher stated that one particular group has acquired grants through the state, even though they are not affiliated with search and rescue.

Patty Polish said maybe this is a NRS issue and maybe this can be put in place. Ms. Polish knows that California has a statute regarding search and rescue groups who are not affiliated with the counties. Ms. Polish stated it might be something that the SAR Board can review and that maybe needs to be even more restrictive. Ms. Polish wasn't sure how these groups were getting grants from the state if they are not affiliated with a search and rescue entity recognized by NRS.

Carol Lynn, Civil Air Patrol, stated that if the grant they are applying for doesn't require an affiliation, then they don't need to be and can apply for the grant. Many grants don't require an affiliation, so this makes it very easy for these groups to apply. Ms. Lynn has had members with the Civil Air Patrol, which are affiliated with the Air Force, try to do their own splinter groups too, so she has had to pull them back and have a discussion with them. It has also been experienced internally, but it has kiboshed. Ms. Lynn doesn't have an answer for this matter, because anyone can start a group, but she is willing to help develop a solution.

Chair Joshua Fisher looked through the NRS and it doesn't specifically deal with search and rescue being affiliated with the Sheriff and not sure if it needs to be brought up to the legislature.

Carol Lynn, volunteer groups, such as Civil Air Patrol, usually do reach out to the Sheriff because volunteer groups also have ground assets. Sheriff's departments are not always welcoming even though the Civil Air

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Patrol is a well-organized group, with training, and willing to work with the department. If the SAR Board is going to push forward and wanting to have that affiliation with the Sheriff's, then the Sheriff's department needs to be part of the conversation.

Steve Morris stated that NRS 414.260 is used to operate with local reserve units, but he couldn't recall if that number got changed a couple years ago by legislation.

Patty Polish stated that NRS 414.260 is membership in volunteer search and rescue or reserve unit of sheriff's department or Civil Air Patrol: discharge of employee for membership prohibited; exceptions; civil remedy.

Steve Morris states that they have a good relationship with Red Rock Search and Rescue. When they need a lot of people on the ground, they will have them come out for the search. Mr. Morris stated that they have eight in-house search and rescue, and then about forty-eight volunteer groups that go through background checks and are certified through Las Vegas Metro and training is monthly. Red Rock Search and Rescue is a supplement for their missing persons detail, and they are used more as a "boots on the ground". Red Rock Search and Rescue come out for quarterly meetings, training, they will send out their top echelon's and they include them and use them for searches and not rescues. They are not certified through Las Vegas Metro, they are a 501 C3, they are considered a separate entity. They get money from the city, county, and he thinks from the state as well. Red Rock Search and Rescue do their own fundraising for funds. Mr. Morris reminds the SAR Board that they do not use any of Red Rock Search and Rescue personnel for technical rescues, just for searches of missing people after we're done with what we can do.

Rodney Wright asked Steve Morris if he has a memorandum of understanding or agreement with Red Rock Search and Rescue. Mr. Morris stated that they do, and it gets updates every two years.

Rodney Wright suggests that this might be the model moving forward for the SAR Board to use the existing NRS statute and then the SAR Board can create policies and procedures.

Patty Polish agrees, but it doesn't resolve protecting the SAR Board and the public from search and rescue groups who are misrepresenting themselves as a search and rescue group, when they actually are not. All the public knows is, somebody came to help, and they didn't help them and now they are less likely to call for help. Ms. Polish is concerned that these groups are doing a disservice and they are affecting the reputations of all the search and rescue groups and the counties.

Richard Fenlason, Nevada Emergency Medical Systems Program, stated that NRS 414.180 on paragraph five, it says to "establish recommendations for organizations specializing in search and rescue, and certify organizations which meet those recommendations at the appropriate level". Mr. Fenlason questioned if that gives the SAR Board the authority to tell these groups to cease and desist or meet the requirements and be certified through the SAR Board.

Chair Joshua Fisher wasn't sure and that would need to be answered by the appropriate authority.

Richard Fenlason suggested if the Attorney General's office can take a look at the NRS and advise the SAR Board if NRS 414.180 gives them the authority to step in and advise groups that they need to meet specific requirements as determined by the SAR Board.

Don Pelt, Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe, wanted to know where the tribes fall into the NRS issues.

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Chair Joshua Fisher stated the issue is with unaffiliated groups and if these groups are an issue to the tribe. Chair Fisher asked Mr. Pelt if the tribes are accepting of the volunteers?

Don Pelt responded that the tribes have their own search and rescue agencies, who are affiliated with the fire department and tribal police. The only issues they had was with Lyon County during the Naomi Irion incident, when they came into the Wadsworth area onto the reservation. The tribes didn't interfere at the time because they knew the urgency of the situation for Lyon County. In the 12 years Mr. Pelt has been there, this was the only incident he could think of with outside groups.

Chair Joshua Fisher stated that the tribes have some organizational plan in effect, so he felt this isn't an issue with the tribes. Chair Fisher said that they will move forward and look at NRS 414.180 and research if there is anything there that the SAR Board can act on.

Samantha Ladich, Senior Deputy Attorney General, said she will review the statute and report back to the SAR Board on what the group has the authority to do and how the SAR Board can move forward. Ms. Ladich doesn't believe certifying SAR groups is something that has been done, but it doesn't mean that it is possible to do.

Lanita Magee, Operations Chief as Nevada Division of Emergency Management/Homeland Security (DEM/HS), suggests being proactive with the Sheriff's department and giving them a list of the affiliated SAR organizations and how to get ahold of them, would be beneficial. The public can get creative on how to work around rules and if the Sheriff's department is educated on these groups, then we can spend less time mitigating the damage after the fact.

Patty Polish asked if the public would be educated about Facebook search and rescue groups? Lanita Magee responded no, because the calls for the search and rescue comes from the Sheriff's Office. Ms. Polish stated, the public tends to reach out on social media instead of the proper channels, especially with the case of Naomi Irion, and that became an issue for Washoe and Lyon County.

Lanita Magee asked Sheriff Lee if he was on the line to give his input on this and what if this becomes a public information message pushed out on a regular basis to the public about who to contact when search and rescue is needed. Sheriff Lee was unavailable to respond to the question. Ms. Magee thinks this an opportunity to be proactive with this situation by educating the public on search and rescue by using social media accounts from the Sheriff's and DEM/HS to push out the correct information. Ms. Magee continues, if we can do an educational effort and reach out to some of the public not normally reached out to, then this can mitigate some of the damage from these types of search and rescue groups on social media.

Chair Joshua Fisher suggested reaching out to the local press, doing press releases, and using social media platforms to educate the public on search and rescue groups.

6. Spontaneous Volunteer Policies

Chair Joshua Fisher during a recent criminal case, there have been some issues with spontaneous volunteers showing up to an incident.

Patty Polish reports in regard to the criminal case in Lyon County, there were 468 people that showed up to the incident. A gentleman who is trying to start his own search and rescue group, pushed to have a larger

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search and pushed it out on social media. The Lyon County Sheriff's department wasn't planning on searching in that particular area, but once it was estimated that 468 volunteers were going to show up, they had to get everyone signed up into teams and it was a difficult situation. That was the only way Lyon County Sheriffs could think on how to control where people searched, and they came across some evidence that we have somebody from our search and rescue group there to protect the evidence and get a deputy or detective to that area. Ms. Polish agrees that it was great that the community wanted to help, but it would be better that in the future, there was a better way to control the response from the public.

Chair Joshua Fisher stated for the incident in Lyon County, he was aware of organizational issues, like span of control for the number of volunteers that showed up, if there was any evidence that was found, there would be a chain of custody issue, possible injuries during an event like this, background checks and criminal involvement of who is participating and what is their overall intent.

Chair Joshua Fisher stated that Washoe County is starting to look at what other agencies do in reaction to this kind of incident. They reviewed Arizona SAR.org and FEMA plans, which has a lot to do with infrastructure, and includes, registration and application forms, ID and background check, safety briefings, short term training, and providing direction and assigning duties to them. This helps control the chain of custody issues, controls the areas being searched and controls the information.

Chair Joshua Fisher isn't sure if this is something that the State can adopt and look at, but it's definitely beneficial for the smaller counties. ArizonaSAR.org has a great document of how you can control spontaneous volunteers. FEMA has the "Managing of Spontaneous Volunteers in Times of Disaster" course with great information. Chair Fisher is sure if the state needs to do or would do or if it would be up to the individual counties.

Patty Polish said the incident in Lyon County was overwhelming and they were trying to get ahead of it by putting the majority of the volunteers that had been checked by UAB, in a large area north of the truck stop.

Carol Lynn said that the counties need to realize what role social media now has with a high-profile case. It should no longer be a surprise; it should be expected. A municipality or jurisdiction should be planning for this to happen but thinks that plan will be independent on what each county or jurisdiction can do. Ms. Lynn did take the FEMA "Managing of Spontaneous Volunteers in Times of Disaster" course and it was very good and is very detailed and the plan that Arizona has, almost textbook from that FEMA course. It is a very good organizational plan, but you have to have the people to run the plan.

Chair Joshua Fisher thinks that a small county would need to do a mutual aid request through the State would be appropriate. Then putting that infrastructure in place using other resources would be necessary. If there is a way to plan ahead of time or a way for these spontaneous situation to register in advance, but wasn't sure how to proceed, since not having been involved in a spontaneous volunteer incident.

Patty Polish isn't sure how counties can do background checks quickly due to counties being overwhelmed.

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Rodney Wright said that DEM/HS can have the Training Officer look into search and rescue courses and bring them to Nevada that can address the spontaneous volunteer incidents.

MeShell Young, Lander County Search and Rescue, wanted to know what the SAR Board thought about whatever the policy will be for spontaneous volunteers, and they fill out a form, but making sure it is consistent through the state of Nevada. This way, each county doesn't have to make up their own.

Chair Joshua Fisher agreed that consistency between the counties is good, without plagiarizing the ArizonaSAR.org.

Carol Lynn agrees that if all the counties use the same form and registering process, it will create a foundation that can reach out to the community that interesting in becoming affiliated with a search and rescue group or county team. Counties would have to modify actions, due the resources that county has available to them.

Steven Morris stated that Las Vegas already have to go through a background . The NRS 414.260 he discussed, is for volunteers that who work for the agency. Mr. Morris stated that their volunteers already go through the same background check that anyone who is hired for Las Vegas Metro, goes through. The volunteer groups, like Red Rock Search and Rescue, they meet quarterly with them, they engage them on social media, they complete their 120-day training qualifications, and they are in constant communications with these vetted volunteer groups. If they fall out of their certification on something, they are not authorized to go on a SAR mission. Mr. Morris explains, the private group are not regulated by Las Vegas Metro. For private groups, they are advised what lane to stay in, and they are engaged early before the call happens, and they have found success in that.

Steve Morris states that Las Vegas Metro has found success when they identify a group who is giving the county a problem, they pull them in and have a discussion with them about what our expectations are of them. If there is an incident command set-up, they have to report to the incident command post, and if they are going to fall under a Good Samaritan just doing a good deed. Mr. Morris isn't sure how to regulate Good Samaritan's trying to help, when law enforcement has gone days or weeks looking for someone and haven't located them, obviously the local resource may not be good enough if you are getting that much civilian participation that they didn't ask for.

Carol Lynn points out that Red Rock Search and Rescue is a good example of that. She believes that is how this group started as volunteers looking for a hiker in Red Rock, eventually they located the hiker. That is how Red Rock began and organizing.

Steve Morris stated that is his point, if the local resource has exhausted all the information they have, at that point, you want that kind of engagement to have has many people out there looking for that person. Las Vegas Metro has the perspective to run all the actionable intelligence to ground, then they turn it over to their Missing Persons detail, then they engage with Red Rock Search and Rescue and that when it becomes a search and not a rescue.

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Chair Joshua Fisher, back to agenda number 5 regarding the unaffiliated group, the particular group, Chair Fisher actually talked to that individual and was met with resistance, there wasn't much else that could be accomplished. Regarding the spontaneous volunteers, we need to have something in place for the custody issues and evidence controls, but if it works for Las Vegas Metro, then that is good.

Patty Polish stated that she agrees with having a standardized form for people to fill out during an incident. It will also allow to look at those forms and see volunteers' skills such as retired Military or Law Enforcement. If this is known ahead of time, they can be assigned as team leaders. When you are dealing with close to 500 volunteers and trying to manage it, any standardized form would be helpful.

Rodney Wright stated that the SAR Board needs to do some more research on this topic. The form is a great idea, but who is going to manage those forms and receive the volunteers. It looks as the SAR Board will need to come up with a process as well. The SAR Board can look at the Arizona site, discuss a policy, and create a form.

MeShell Young has a spontaneous volunteer form that Lander County uses, that was drafted several years ago, she would be happy to send it to Rodney Wright to review.

Rodney Wright concurred and asked that MeShell Young email that form to him.

7. Type SAR Resources in Nevada

Chair Joshua Fisher wants to discuss Typing SAR resources in Nevada or Cal EOS. Chair Fisher states that Washoe County is working on it but is not set up to deal with Typing. It is important for the state to create that Typing resource.

Rodney Wright responded that the state does have a list, but it is very outdated. The state would like to get the list up to date with the Type resources from the counties, so DEM/HS has already a good start on that list. Mr. Wright will have something put together, reach out to each county SAR to see what they have, they don't have, what is new, and have something to release to the group.

Patty Polish stated that Lyon County submits their Typing through their LEPC. Ms. Polish asked that the SAR Board sends out the current FEMA Typing list is so that all the counties are Typing the same.

Rodney Wright concurred with Patty Polish.

Chair Joshua Fisher understand that Cal OES has a Typing Schedule that is very easy to read and follow. Chair Fisher wasn't sure if the state of Nevada has the same thing.

Lanita Magee wanted to let the SAR Board aware that DEM/HS uses the FEMA Resource Library Typing Tool, so you can Google that and then it will actually tell you what resources and capabilities are required at each level for a Type of equipment that your county has. Ms. Magee reminded the SAR Board that Typing is responsibility of the home unit. If a county tells DEM/HS that they have a Type III search and rescue team and they use the resource library Typing Tool, then DEM/HS is going to take their word on it. What the SAR Board needs to figure out is, how much of the county's word are you going to take or is the SAR Board going to do an

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actual assessment of the team. Ms. Magee continued to ask the SAR Board, how they want to verify and validate that people can actually do what they tell you to do, but if you simply Google FEMA Resource Library Typing Tool, you'll be able to see a Type I, Type II, Type III, Type IV, or Type V. Ms. Magee reminded the SAR Board that when Typing something, if you don't meet all of the requirements for that particular Type, then you're at the level that you meet.

Jeff Ohs, Emergency Manager for University Police Southern Nevada, he stated that he used to work for the California Fire Service as the Regional Task Force Program Manager and has access to all the Typing items he has done and has the Typing Criteria for the team as the program manager, so he can assist the SAR Board if needed.

Rodney Wright will reach out to Jeff Ohs for his assistance.

8. Standardized SAR Training Course for Nevada

Chair Joshua Fisher reported that due to the lack of available training in Nevada for inland search function type, Washoe County had purchased the instructor suite through ERI, and can stand up putting a class together, though it would take some coordinating and time to do so. Chair Fisher asked Rodney Wright to continue this discussion.

Rodney Wright obliged. The topic came up that Nevada used to have the Nevada Land Search Management course which there was a discussion on its validity and how close it was to another national standard course, which the course was given one time in Nevada back in 2016. However, this course, has never been reviewed or updated. Mr. Wright stated the topic came up about having a possible standardization for Nevada that we would have for training.

Rodney Wright did reach out to the California Search and Rescue coordinator, and they addressed the issue that Nevada has, that each county seemed to have their own standard on what they wanted to use so when they went specialized units, like the mounted units, they have specialized training that wasn't inland CERTS, and they took the process that California was trying to do as it was telling them that they couldn't train to those standards for those units, so what California did was come up with guidelines, instead of a standardized requirement of courses.

Rodney Wright said they have a standardized training program that is nationally recognized and that way they wouldn't alienate any unit or specialized unit out of its training capabilities that they were doing.

Steve Morris noted that disparity in the Nevada counties is far larger and much more different than those in California, particularly with search and rescue when you try to compare us to California. Mr. Morris noted that most county agencies in California, almost all of them, have air assets that not only do patrols, but they also assist in search and rescues. The California Highway Patrol has 18 air assets that can be utilized for search and rescue. Mr. Morris points out that Nevada does not have these assets like California. Typing in the 17 Nevada Counties, what do you find when Typing, they are limited. Two counties only have air units and Washoe County is trying to complete theirs. Mr. Morris points out that when you talk about standardization and you try to only get information from California, that may not work for Nevada. Mr. Morris states that non-air rescues you're talking about resources are plenty in California, versus in Nevada, multiple counties Typing might be used.

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Carol Lynn states that every Sheriff in every county, does have air assets through the Nevada Civil Air Patrol. The discussion is to get the list that the state already has and updating that list and sharing the updated list with the counties. Ms. Lynn agrees with Mr. Morris that we can't not be compared to California, but California does have structures and procedures that we can learn from. Ms. Lynn wants to find out what we have and what is routinely needed for search and rescue in the rural counties.

Rodney Wright said he only reached out to California, because he has spoken with Mark Baldwin several times about search rescue issues and it wasn't his intent just to compare us to California, because he knows we are very different. Mr. Wright wanted to approach the SAR Board to discuss when Nevada had a Nevada Wilderness Land Search Management course that was created and is this something the SAR Board would like to approach and maybe come with a guideline for standardized Type trainings that should be done for the recognized units in the state.

Carol Lynn agreed that this is a good idea. It would allow Ms. Lynn to know the capabilities of neighboring counties. Ms. Lynn points out that search and rescue becomes very personal territory, and nobody wants their territory changed or stepped on. Ms. Lynn standardization is good, but we will run across those specialized groups, such as, counties sheriff's departments, that they feel this is how they do it and they are going to continue to do it.

Billy Samuels, Clark County Fire Department, if the SAR Board is looking for standards and we don't have to create these NFPA 2500 already has all this for Operations and Training for Technical search and rescue entities. If we all abide by the NFPA 2500, then the counties will know what everyone is doing. Mr. Samuels thinks this would eliminate the issue.

Steve Morris concurs with Billy Samuels.

MeShell Young asked Rodney Wright that she took the Wilderness Land Search Management course in Las Vegas in 2016 and most of her team are SAR Techs II, is the NASAR Courses still available in the state? Is there an instructor for the NASAR Course? Ms. Young was also at the Missing Person Conference in Las Vegas in April, and she spoke with a Red Rock Search and Rescue member who stated that they are working on instructors to teach the Basic SAR Tech II Course, she was wondering if this is true?

Steve Morris said that they have heard that Red Rock Search and Rescue is working on that. It is Las Vegas Metro's intent, that Red Rock Search and Rescue won't be responding to technical rescues, even after they do the course. Mr. Morris stated that is the sheriff's responsibility to do rescue and they will delegate that authority.

MeShell Young asked Steve Morris if that will prevent Red Rock Search and Rescue from offering their services to other counties for training?

Steve Morris said no and that he believes they are a great resource for any county to get their training from. Mr. Morris stated that Red Rock Search and Rescue would be very interested in helping to organize the civilian volunteers.

Chair Joshua Fisher wanted to share with the SAR Board that since taking over the SAR for Washoe County, that there are many 501 C3 organizations that make up search and rescue teams and some of the currencies overlap between the different teams. The issue is that they trained and say that they are certified at different levels,

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such as Back County Type I between two different groups was different. Chair Fisher would send these groups out into the field with different levels of training, then one group would fall back and need to return to the staging locations because, in fact, they were not Type I Back County trained. Chair Fisher further explains that he had make sure the Washoe County SAR team are standardized and at the same level of one another. Chair Fisher states that the Washoe County SAR are currently working on getting their MRA certification completed to help be synced, this way when Chair Fisher does send the team out, he isn't getting resources turned around because the team can't complete a task. Chair Fisher thinks that if there is the sharing of resources, that everyone is on same page of what the expectations are and the abilities of a team.

Steve Morris congratulates Chair Joshua Fisher for working on the MRA certification for his team. Mr. Morris highly recommends the MRA certification because they do extensive evaluations of the mountain rescue teams. Mr. Morris isn't aware of any other Nevada counties doing this certification.

Chair Joshua Fisher thanked Mr. Morris. Chair Fisher doesn't expect the smaller Nevada counties to do the MRA certification, since their teams are definitively smaller, but a standardization should be in place.

9. Public Comment

Chair Joshua Fisher opened discussion on the second period of public comment.

Don Pelt, Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe, asked if Rodney Wright, SAR Coordinator, could send him information on how the tribes can become a voting member of the SAR Board.

Ryan Shane, Nevada Division of Forestry (NDF), wanted to let the SAR Board know that he was resigning from the SAR Board. Mr. Shane has nominated Eric Antle, NDF Deputy Administrator, who has direct authority over NDF's aviation assets and other NDF assets that could be likely used for a search and rescue mission. Mr. Shane appreciated and thanks all those on the SAR Board for the opportunity to serve on the board.

Chair Joshua Fisher asked Ryan Shane, if NDF has a SAR option for the divisions air assets?

Ryan Shane stated it was hard for him to answer because of how it was worded. NDF is increasing staff, but of course, NDF is angled towards the fire suppression side of things. In other ways, NDF's aviation assets are equipped for rescue purposes, 2 of 3 helicopters have hoist. NDF has been improving and enhancing NDF's capability to support SAR, as requested through DEM/HS, in non-wildfire situations and then for wildfire situations normal fire asset ordering process to obtain those.

Chair Joshua Fisher thanked Ryan Shane.

Chair Fisher asked if there were any other public comments, there were none.

10. Adjournment

Chair Joshua Fisher called for a motion to adjourn the meeting. Carol Lynn, Civil Air Patrol, made the first motion to adjourn the meeting. Steve Morris, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, made the second motion. All were in favor with no opposition. Meeting was adjourned.